# SE Tibet & Lhasa, 13-30 Apr 2010.

An at-a-glance list of 219 spp of birds & nine spp of mammals recorded.

By Jesper Hornskov ® \*ALL RIGHTS RESERVED\*

[this draft 31 Oct 2011]

Please note that the following list is best considered a work in progress. It should not be quoted without consulting the author.

This brief write-up covers the birds & mammals noted by H Grastveit, L Lander, K-L Nilsson, D Rehn, A Sun & myself on a rare visit to Lhasa & SE Tibet in April 2010.

Thank you all for making this trip so enjoyable!

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Enquiries concerning **Oriental Bird Club's Fundraiser** trips can be made to Michael Edgecombe, OBC's Promotion Officer, at mail(at)orientalbirdclub.org or directly to this author.

Kindly note that trips covering 'Tibet Autonomous Region' (= 'Xizang') are on request only!

Following a couple of inquiries I have come to feel that perhaps I ought to explain why SE Tibet, with its LORD DERBY'S PARAKEET & LUDLOW'S FULVETTA, and the area around Lhasa, with amongst others ELWE'S EARED PHEASANT, GIANT BABAX & PRINCE HENRI'S LAUGHINGTHRUSH, are not part of the itinerary on Oriental Bird Club's Fundraiser trips.

That these areas are not worth visiting is certainly NOT the reason! Because they are, as readers of the following write-up will realize.

Visitors to the deep valleys of SE Tibet – botanist Kingdon Ward's "River Gorge Country", with a flora "incomparably richer than those of the other regions of Tibet combined": thick forest growing where the monsoon moisture penetrates the Himalayas, and below the eternal snows "an unparalleled development of alpine plants", with one pass being dubbed "Rhododendron Fairlyland" by the early explorer – have to factor in that from late May on there's a grave risk of torrential rains: the sort of rain that not only makes birdwatching utterly impossible but also make landslides highly likely. Sections of the road between Bomi and Bayi are notorious for landslides that cause all traffic (incl the must-have four-wheel drive Landcruisers) to be delayed for up to several days.

As the highest mountains of NE Tibet – China's Qinghai province, with e g TIBETAN SANDGROUSE Syrrhaptes thibetana, KOZLOV'S BABAX Babax koslowi, PRZEVALSKI'S REDSTART Phoenicurus alaschanicus, the monotypic family PRZEVALSKI'S ROSEFINCH Urocynchramus pylzowi, ROBOROVSKI'S ROSEFINCH Kozlowia roborowskii & KOZLOV'S

**BUNTING** *Emberiza koslowi* – are not really birdable until well into May the only realistic way to combine SE & NE Tibet on one trip would be to start at Lhasa.

Starting at Lhasa, however, would result in hiking & birding at altitudes of up to 4,500-5,000m before having had a chance to even begin to acclimatize, something that would virtually guarantee altitude effects from as a minimum serious discomfort for most group members to a very real risk of full-blown altitude sickness — even if the group has more than one vehicle at its disposal evacuation of one or more group members would inevitably seriously disrupt the trip for those who didn't fall at this first hurdle!

Time constraints is another consideration. To allow for altitude acclimatization and to make sure we have enough time to properly search for all the NE Tibet specialities at a realistic pace, absorb delays caused by circumstances, and if need be visit back-up sites if anything eludes us on the way the OBC Fundraiser spends 20 days in Qinghai. I have recently done slightly shorter trips (see e.g. <a href="http://www.netfugl.dk/trip\_reports/asia/China\_Qinghai\_2011BE\_JHornskov.pdf">http://www.netfugl.dk/trip\_reports/asia/China\_Qinghai\_2011BE\_JHornskov.pdf</a>) ... so one CAN tag a brief 'fly-in, fly-out' visit to the Lhasa area – where the risk of plan-derailing weather is acceptable, even during the monsoon - onto a NE Tibet trip and still just about keep trip duration down to three weeks, the pretty much universally agreed maximum duration for advertised trips.

So why not do that, at least? There's a reason why anyone who's willing to take a chance on missing the 'key' birds in SE Tibet due to foreseeable (but not allowed for) complications, shortage of time dictating impossibly long drives & foreseeable (but not allowed for) disastrous weather, may wish to reconsider and that is the continued volatility of China's 'Tibet Autonomous Region', with the threat of unrest – or actual unrest - which should be taken very seriously. The essential travel permits for Tibet Autonomous Region will be unapologetically cancelled, without warning or further explanation, if there's unrest or a perceived heightened risk of unrest.

As recently as summer 2011 Tibet Autonomous Region was closed to 'foreign' tourists for at least a month, and there's no justification for assuming that was a one-off. On the trip dealt with in the present write-up we were able to carry on pretty much as planned and we had an outstanding time taking 18 days to cover Lhasa & SE Tibet, seeing very nearly as many species – 219 – as a NE Tibet trip yields, whilst enjoying landscapes 'certainly (according to one Himalayan veteran on a pioneering 2004 overland trip) surpassing anything in Bhutan & arguably even that of the magnificent Tianshan'.

Our legally required local guide - who had accompanied us on previous forays into SE Tibet - was however so dismayed by the current level of mostly behind-the-scenes chicanery & threats by local officialdom that he swore never to accept another assignment that involved birdwatching!

So – for the moment at least – on the OBC trips we will stick to NE Tibet.

In the species list the concept "bird-days" is used - it is the avian equivalent of man-hours: for example, separate flocks of ten and 15 Henri's Snowfinches moving through score 25 bird-days, as would the same single individual seen daily for 25 days. The sum of day totals - a handy measure of relative abundance, nothing more.

The sequence of the bird list follows *The Howard and Moore Complete Checklist of the Birds of the World* –  $3^{rd}$  *Edition* (Dickinson 2003), in my opinion by far the most useful one-volume checklist to date.

# **Species list:**

# **Szechenyi's Monal Partridge** *Tetraophasis szechenyi* 5+ heard on 15<sup>th</sup>.

# **Tibetan Snowcock** *Tetraogallus tibetanus* Eight bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# **Tibetan Partridge** *Perdix hodgsoniae* Nine on 28<sup>th</sup>.

# Common Hill Partridge Arborophila torqueola

14+ bird-days. Heard on four dates.

## **Blood Pheasant** Ithaginis cruentus

Two pairs (ssp *geoffroyi*) on 20<sup>th</sup> & one male *tibetanus* 'scoped on 26<sup>th</sup> – the last flew in out of the snowy forest and took up position above the road, monitoring our activities: it was a moment which encapsulated the magic of a birdwatching journey in Tibet.

\*\*\*http://orientalbirdimages.org/search.php?p=3&Bird ID=39&Bird Family ID=&pagesize=1

# Temminck's Tragopan Tragopan temminckii

Three heard on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

# Kalij Pheasant Lophura leucomelanos

One male at the side of the road on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### White Eared Pheasant Crossoptilon crossoptilon

Two near Bomi on 21st.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed ssp drouynii for Lhunze (N 28 25, E 92 30), well to the SW of Bomi.

## Elwes's Eared Pheasant Crossoptilon harmani

12+ bird-days. Noted on five dates – unbeatable views on 28<sup>th</sup>!

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) has this species extend as far E as E 95 30 – our E-most birds were at cE 94 40.

# Bar-headed Goose Anser indicus

17 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Ruddy Shelduck Tadorna ferruginea

c325 bird-days. Noted on ten dates - main event 215+ along Lhasa river on 13th.

#### Gadwall Anas strepera

42 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Eurasian Wigeon Anas penelope

20+ on 21<sup>st</sup>.

## Mallard Anas platyrhynchos

97 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

# Chinese Spotbill Anas zonorhyncha

19 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

### Common Teal Anas crecca

Four bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Goosander Mergus merganser

134 bird-days. Noted on 11 dates.

# Little Grebe Tachybaptus ruficollis

One near Bomi on 21st.

# Great Crested Grebe Podiceps cristatus

One near Bomi on 21st.

### Black-crowned Night Heron Nycticorax nycticorax

One adult @ Lhasa on 29th.

\*\*\*Zheng (2005) listed the species for 'all [of China] except Xizang'.

### Great Cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo

15 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

### Common Kestrel Falco tinnunculus

24 bird-days. Noted on 12 dates.

### Saker Falco cherrug

One incubating bird on 27th.

### Osprey Pandion haliaetus

One flew upstream near Bomi on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

### Black Kite Milvus migrans

Two on 26th.

### Lammergeier Gypaetus barbatus

Six bird-days. Noted on four dates.

# Himalayan Griffon Gyps himalayensis

57 bird-days. Noted on five dates – main event 42 on 14<sup>th</sup>.

## Hen Harrier Circus cyaneus

A 2<sup>nd</sup> c-y @ Lhasa on 29<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*A late-ish record; however, recorded as late as 9 May at Golmud, Qinghai (JH pers. obs.)

## Eurasian Sparrowhawk Accipiter nisus

Five bird-days. Noted on five dates.

# \*\*\*Besra / Eurasian Sparrowhawk Accipiter virgatus / A. nisus

One on 25<sup>th</sup>.

# Northern Goshawk Accipiter gentilis

A 2<sup>nd</sup> c-y male on 21<sup>st</sup>.

# Himalayan Buzzard Buteo burmanicus

6-7 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

\*\*\*"Many individuals in the [Indian] region (immature *burmanicus*) are similar to resident nominate *japonicus* of Japan (with which *burmanicus* is often synonymised [including by Cheng 1987]). However, nominate *japonicus* shows little plumage variability, with no dark morph and virtually no rufous in plumage, and with slightly more extensive tarsal feathering; adult and juvenile *japonicus* differ only in minor details, while adult *burmanicus* are usually very different in plumage from *japonicus*. Himalayan breeders ('*refectus*') indistinguishable on plumage and size from widespread Chinese *burmanicus* and not recognised [...]. The name '*refectus*' Portenko 1929 is [...] considered a junior synonym of *burmanicus* Hume 1874. In DNA phylogenies (Riesing *et al.* 2003; Kruckenhauser *et al.*2004) '*refectus*' (= *burmanicus*) clustered with *hemilasius* rather than *japonicus* as expected, and *burmanicus* clearly specifically distinct": Rasmussen & Anderton 2005.

### **Upland Buzzard** Buteo hemilasius

Nine bird-days. Noted on four dates.

## Golden Eagle Aquila chrysaetos

Six bird-days. Noted on four dates.

### Mountain Hawk Eagle Spizaetus nipalensis

One on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Common Coot Fulica atra

62+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

# Ibisbill Ibidorhyncha struthersii

Six bird-days. Noted on three dates.

\*\*\*Somehow, Ibisbills seen in Tibet feeding on a flowered-over meadow or 'frozen' against a rushing, icy stream - yaks snorting in the background - are more *real* than the sad one or two pairs which cling on along the last stretch of acceptable water close to Beijing in competition with sickly-looking domestic ducks!

### Long-billed Plover Charadrius placidus

Probably the same singleton seen very well on both 19+22<sup>nd</sup>.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed the species as wintering @ Bomi.

\*\*\*In the Indian Subcontinent the species occurs as a 'winter visitor to NE, from Nepal and N Uttar to Assam Valley; also Manipur. A few sight reports for Bangladesh and other areas from Delhi to Sri Lanka and Andamans, but no specimens traced. Rare Nepal [but] fairly common Assam Valley': Rasmussen & Anderton (2005).

## Kentish Plover Charadrius alexandrinus

Seven bird-days. Noted along Lhasa river on three dates.

#### **Solitary Snipe** Gallinago solitaria

Two seen exceptionally well near Lhasa on 27<sup>th</sup>.

# Common Redshank Tringa totanus

Six @ Lhasa on 29<sup>th</sup>.

# **Green Sandpiper** Tringa ochropus

Six bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Common Sandpiper Actitis hypoleucos

Singles along Lhasa river on two dates.

# Temminck's Stint Calidris temminckii

One along Lhasa river on 28<sup>th</sup>.

### Great Black-headed Gull Larus ichthyaetus

57+ bird-days. Noted on five dates.

### Brown-headed Gull Larus brunnicephalus

288+ bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Common Tern Sterna hirundo

12 bird-days. Noted along Lhasa river on three dates.

### Blue Hill Pigeon Columba rupestris

40+ bird-days. Noted on five dates.

### Snow Pigeon Columba leuconota

c635 bird-days. Noted on four dates – c400 'swirling round, landing...'scoped on the ground' on 21<sup>st</sup> was a trip highlight.

### Speckled Wood Pigeon Columba hodgsonii

c103 bird-days. Noted on four dates – a gathering of 30 on 23<sup>rd</sup> came down to ingest grit from a gritty bit of exposed ground above a stream...

## Oriental Turtle Dove Streptopelia orientalis

144+ bird-days. Noted on 11 dates.

### Lord Derby's Parakeet Psittacula derbiana

c105 bird-days. Noted on no less than six dates – on 20<sup>th</sup> we were 'nearly back by the vehicle, having 'put in the mileage', when a flock zoomed by without calling': nice enough, and this definitely earned us admittance to the exclusive club of birdwatchers who have seen this restricted-range species in the wild, but the *real* Tingaling! experience was 55 'scoped whilst feeding noisily up above the road on 21<sup>st</sup>.

### Large Hawk-Cuckoo Cuculus sparverioides

Ten bird-days. Noted on six dates.

#### Common Cuckoo Cuculus canorus

Just one – heard & seen: at Lhasa on 30th.

\*\*\*At Golmud, Qinghai, recorded no earlier than 15 May (JH pers. obs.).

### Oriental Cuckoo Cuculus saturatus

12 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

# Chinese Tawny Owl Strix nivicola

Singles heard on two nights.

# Collared Owlet Glaucidium brodiei

Singles heard on two occasions.

# Himalayan Swiftlet Aerodramus brevirostris

270+ bird-days. Noted on three dates.

## Fork-tailed Swift Apus pacificus

105+ bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Hoopoe Upupa epops

24 bird-days. Noted on just three dates.

### Great Barbet Megalaima virens

83+ bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

## **Yellow-rumped Honeyguide** *Indicator xanthonotus*

Four bird-days. Two individuals... knowing where to begin looking was of course a great help, but then we found A New Site: BINGO!

# **Speckled Piculet** *Picumnus innominatus*

One on 16<sup>th</sup>.

### Rufous-bellied Woodpecker Hypopicus hyperythrus

Four bird-days. Noted on two dates – it was great to watch a nest-hole-excavating male on 19<sup>th</sup>.

# Crimson-breasted Woodpecker Dendrocopos cathpharius

Five bird-days. Noted on three dates – two males w/ a female were busy up in a tree above the road on 17<sup>th</sup>, offering great 'scope views.

# Black Woodpecker Dryocopus martius

Singles were noted on three dates.

### Grey-headed Woodpecker Picus canus

12 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

# Bay Woodpecker Blythipicus pyrrhotis

One heard on 24th.

### Long-tailed Minivet Pericrocotus ethologus

Ten bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Short-billed Minivet Pericrocotus brevirostris

110 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

# \*\*\*Minivet sp. Pericrocotus sp

Two females at >3,700m on 25<sup>th</sup>.

# **Grey-backed Shrike** Lanius tephronotus

33 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

# **Ashy Drongo** *Dicrurus leucophaeus*

Nine bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Yellow-bellied Fantail Rhipidura hypoxantha

25 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

## White-throated Fantail Rhipidura albicollis

Three bird-days. Noted on just two dates.

### Eurasian Jay Garrulus glandarius

Four bird-days. Noted on three dates – probably no more than two individuals were involved.

\*\*\*Mimicry included Lord Derby's Parakeet, Yellownape sp & Yellow-billed Blue Magpie!

# Yellow-billed Blue Magpie Urocissa flavirostris

Four bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# Tibetan Magpie Pica (pica) bottanensis

Ten bird-days. Noted on three dates.

## Hume's Groundpecker Pseudopodoces humilis

14 bird-days. Noted on just two dates.

# Eurasian Nutcracker Nucifraga caryocatactes

Nine bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# Red-billed Chough Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax

46+ bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

### Alpine Chough Pyrrhocorax graculus

Four on 27<sup>th</sup>.

### Large-billed Crow Corvus macrorhynchos

72 bird-days. Noted on 11 dates.

#### Common Raven Corvus corax

13 bird-days. Noted en route on 14th.

### 'Great' Tit Parus 'major' minor

27 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

# Green-backed Tit Parus monticolus

88 bird-days. Noted on 12 dates.

### Rufous-vented Tit Parus rubidiventris

75 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Coal Tit Parus ater

32 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

# Songar Tit Parus songarus

One heard on 27<sup>th</sup>.

### White-browed Tit Parus superciliosus

One heard on 27<sup>th</sup>.

### Grey Crested Tit Parus dichrous

Seven bird-days. Noted on three dates.

## Fire-capped Tit Cephalopyrus flammiceps

52 bird-days. Noted on no less than seven dates - TINGALING!

# Pale Sand Martin Riparia diluta

105+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

## Barn Swallow Hirundo rustica

One on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

# Eurasian Crag Martin Ptyonoprogne rupestris

78+ bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Asian House Martin Delichon dasypus

58+ bird-days. Noted on three dates.

## Red-rumped Swallow Cecropis daurica

40 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

#### Black-throated Tit Aegithalos concinnus

41 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

\*\*\*The Himalayan race *iredalei* is noticeably different from *talifuensis* of Yunnan.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) recorded *iredalei* only from Nyalam, on the Nepal border; Zheng (2005), however, included also 'SE Xizang' in its 'Chinese' range.

# Black-browed Tit Aegithalos iouschistos

Four bird-days. Noted on two dates: two with a mixed species flock at cE 94 50 & a pair carrying nest material at cE 93 27.

\*\*\*This taxon had not been encountered by JH on previous visits to SE Tibet.

\*\*\*Specific validity seems to hinge on the situation in the Bomi area: Dickinson (2003), Harrap & Quinn (1996) - 'the *iouschistos* and *bonvaloti* groups almost come into contact or even perhaps replace each other altitudinally in SE Tibet in Bomi, perhaps without intergradation' — Robson (1987) noted *iouschistos* E of Bomi (cE 96) although the regular form near Bomi is *bonvaloti* (Cheng 1987; JH pers obs). Evidence that they breed together without intergradation or hybridization is thus still lacking.

## Pere Bonvalot's Tit Aegithalos bonvaloti

46 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

\*\*\*This taxon was encountered no further W than cE 95 12; in April 2007 this taxon was noted W of Bayi...

# White-browed Tit-Warbler Leptopoecile sophiae

Three on 28<sup>th</sup>.

### Crested Tit-Warbler Leptopoecile elegans

Three males & two females on 15<sup>th</sup>. I have leafed through the dictionary & two Birdquest brochures to find a superlative which fully does this jewel justice – in vain!

### Hume's Short-toed Lark Calandrella acutirostris

21 bird-days. Noted along Lhasa river on two dates.

### Oriental Skylark Alauda gulgula

13 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# Horned Lark Eremophila alpestris

Two on 27<sup>th</sup>.

### Black-throated Prinia Prinia atrogularis

Five bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# Black Bulbul Hypsisetes leucocephalus

105+ bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

# Chestnut-headed Tesia Oligura castaneocoronata

Singletons heard on two dates.

# Grey-bellied Tesia Tesia cyaniventer

68 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

### **Brownish-flanked Bush Warbler** Cettia fortipes

22 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

### Tickell's Leaf Warbler Phylloscopus affinis

14 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

\*\*\*Martens (2008) elevates part of this species to full species status as *P. occisinensis* http://globiz.sachsen.de/snsd/publikationen/vertebrate-zoology/vz58-2/06 Martens.pdf

# Ashy-throated Leaf Warbler Phylloscopus maculipennis

Five bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# 'Eastern' Lemon-rumped Warbler Phylloscopus (chloronotus) forresti

61 bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

\*\*\*Martens *et al.* 2004 (*vide* Rheindt 2006) elevated *forresti*, considered a synomym of *chloronotus* by Cheng (1987), to full species status, splitting it from *chloronotus* (of Nepal) which, with *simlaensis*, becomes Western Lemon-rumped Warbler. The two differ "dramatically in song and mitochondrial DNA (4.2% cytochrome-b divergence)": Rheindt (2006).

Given that the type locality for *forresti* is Lijiang, in Yunnan (Cheng 1987) it is not obvious that "Sichuan Leaf Warbler' is preferable to 'Eastern Lemon-rumped Warbler'. "Presumably the hitherto unknown border between both species lies somewhere in Yunnan, Burma or northeastern India.": Rheindt (2006). *Ahem?* 

#### Hume's Leaf Warbler Phylloscopus humei

61 bird-days. Noted on 13 dates.

# **Large-billed Leaf Warbler** *Phylloscopus magnirostris* Two on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

# **Blyth's Leaf Warbler** *Phylloscopus reguloides* 450+ bird-days. Noted on 13 dates.

# **Golden-spectacled Warbler** *Seicercus burkii* 89 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

# Whistler's Warbler Seicercus whistleri 13 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

# **Grey-cheeked Warbler** *Seicercus poliogenys* Three bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# **Chestnut-crowned Warbler** *Seicercus castaniceps* 63 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

# **Black-faced Warbler** *Abroscopus schisticeps* 11 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

# **Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler** *Pomatorhinus ruficollis* 30 bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

# **Scaly-breasted Wren-Babbler** *Pnoepyga albiventer* Three bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# **Pygmy Wren-Babbler** *Pnoepyga pusilla* 36 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

# [?Spotted Wren-Babbler Spelaeornis formosus A song heard distantly on 17<sup>th</sup> appeared to be this species'.]

# **Rufous-capped Babbler** *Stachyris ruficeps* 25 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Giant Babax Babax waddelli

13 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

\*\*\*This little-studied S Tibet endemic 'has an impressive range of vocalizations. Admittedly, few of these are appealing to the human ear but at least they work well in keeping the birds active among themselves, flitting from bush to bush, bounding along between roadside boulders, or sitting up conspicuously on a dead twig or stone wall in invitation to camera- or videorecorder-wielding team members'.

# White-throated Laughingthrush Garrulax albogularis

21 (two, seven & 12) were recorded on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

# \*\*\*Pere David's Laughingthrush Garrulax davidi [presumed feral]

Noted at Lhasa on both 13+30<sup>th</sup> – incl a pair w/ two pull on the last date.

\*\*\*Lhasa is probably 1,000km away from the natural limit of the species' range – quite possibly the birds were there on account of the Buddhist tradition of catching wild birds, transporting them a long way, and releasing the survivors into unsuitable habitat... a procedure which apparently gains you merit!

# Striated Laughingthrush Garrulax striatus

59 bird-days. This charismatic species was noted on no less than six dates.

### Giant Laughingthrush Garrulax maximus

21+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

\*\*\*This superb-looking species has an impressive range of calls, some subdued, some anything but, yet others direct or derived mimicry – duetting birds are often a striking component in the dawn chorus.

### Prince Henri's Laughingthrush Garrulax henrici

173+ bird-days. Noted on 11 dates.

\*\*\*Endemic to S Tibet.

# Black-faced Laughingthrush Garrulax affinis

74 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

# Chestnut-crowned Laughingthrush Garrulax erythrocephalus

23 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

\*\*\*Collar & Robson (HBW vol 12, p260), following on from Collar (2006), subjects this well-known 'species' to what amounts to a taxonomic ambush that appears to have left their HBW map-maker baffled... of relevance from a Tibet / China perspective are three 'species', incl Chestnut-crowned Laughingthrush *Trochalopteron erythrocephalum*, comprising *erythrocephalum*, *kali & nigrimentum*, of which only the latter occurs in 'China' (SE Xizang). It is perhaps symptomatical that Collar (2006) grouped *woodi* with these three! *nigrimentum* 'has crown dark grey with broad black streaks, chestnut only on nape, and is much richer rufous [than extralimital *kali*] throughout underparts and on back and scapulars'.

### Red-billed Leiothrix Leiothrix lutea

84 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

# Cutia Cutia nipalensis

Seven on 16<sup>th</sup> – it was a real bonus to see so many so well!

### White-browed Shrike-Babbler Pteruthius flaviscapis

5-6 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Black-eared Shrike-Babbler Pteruthius melanotis

Two heard singing on 16<sup>th</sup>.

# Rusty-fronted Barwing Actinodura egertoni

Nine bird-days. Noted on three dates – main event five on 24<sup>th</sup>: finally came in & showed well. \*\*\*Zheng (2005) listed ssp *egertoni* for 'SE Xizang'.

## Chestnut-tailed Minla Minla strigula

36 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

### Red-tailed Minla Minla ignotinta

Singles on three dates.

### Yellow-throated Fulvetta Alcippe cinerea

6+ bird-days. Noted on three dates – two proved absurdly inquisitive on 17<sup>th</sup>, showing off at <2m from us and allowing LL to get some photos!

### Rufous-winged Fulvetta Alcippe castaneceps

Ten bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Chinese Fulvetta Alcippe striaticollis

6+ bird-days. Noted on four dates.

### Ludlow's Fulvetta Alcippe ludlowi

15 bird-days. Noted on just two dates – as is often the case we had to work hard(-ish) for the 1<sup>st</sup> views, and then saw several more quite easily!

# \*\*\*Fulvetta sp Alcippe sp

1-2 on 21<sup>st</sup>.

# Beautiful Sibia Heterophasia pulchella

35 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

### Whiskered Yuhina Yuhina flavicollis

180 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

# Stripe-throated Yuhina Yuhina gularis

17 bird-days. Noted on three dates.

## Rufous-vented Yuhina Yuhina occipitalis

Nine bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Goldcrest Regulus regulus

29 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

## Northern Wren Troglodytes troglodytes

Two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

# Naga Nuthatch Sitta nagaensis

100 bird-days. Noted on ten dates – main event 30 on 19<sup>th</sup>.

## Hodgson's Treecreeper Certhia hodgsoni

11 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

\*\*\*This newly elevated species "embraces the Sino-Himalayan [taxa] *hodgsoni* Brooks, 1874 (W Himalayas), *mandellii* Brooks, 1874 (E Himalayas) and *khamensis* Bianchi 1903 (SW & W China [N as far as the road between Jiuzhaigou & Sungpan in N Sichuan]": D T Tietze *et al* 2006.

# Blue Whistling Thrush Myophonus caeruleus

24 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

#### Plain-backed Thrush Zoothera mollissima

'Scope views of one singing at c4,100m on 15th.

### Long-tailed Thrush Zoothera dixoni

One heard singing on 15<sup>th</sup>.

### White-collared Blackbird Turdus albocinctus

44 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

### **Grey-winged Blackbird** Turdus boulboul

Two bird-days. Single males were noted on two dates – memorable views of a treetop songster on 16<sup>th</sup>!

### Tibetan Blackbird Turdus maximus

36 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Black-throated Thrush Turdus atrogularis

One (probably 2<sup>nd</sup> c-y) on 30<sup>th</sup>.

## Red-throated Thrush Turdus ruficollis

A 2<sup>nd</sup> c-y on 30<sup>th</sup>.

### Naumann's Thrush Turdus naumanni

Three – single *naumanni*, *eunomus* plus an intermediate! – on 30<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*It seemed fitting that our visit to Tibet should finish with this kind of a flourish: three species of thrush together in a group of no more than five individuals, all allowing prolonged 'scope viewing at fairly close range!

#### **Lesser Shortwing** Brachypteryx leucophrys

Singles heard on three dates.

## White-browed Shortwing Brachypteryx montana

One on 16<sup>th</sup> 'flew across road after perching briefly on crash barrier'...

#### Indian Blue Robin Luscinia brunnea

25 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

### Himalayan Red-flanked Bluetail Tarsiger rufilatus

29 bird-days. Noted on four dates – 12 in a morning, incl several males sitting out singing, was a trip highlight.

\*\*\*The split (accepted by e g Rasmussen & Anderton 2005) from the Siberian taxon is based mainly on morphological and vocal differences.

### Black Redstart Phoenicurus ochruros

26 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

# Hodgson's Redstart Phoenicurus hodgsoni

33 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

## White-throated Redstart Phoenicurus schisticeps

18 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

#### Daurian Redstart Phoenicurus auroreus

44 bird-days. Noted on eight dates.

### Guldenstadt's Redstart Phoenicurus erythrogastrus

Three males were seen!

# Blue-fronted Redstart Phoenicurus frontalis

54+ bird-days. Noted on four dates – most were in a fall of 50+ (LL, KLN).

# Plumbeous Redstart Rhyacornis fuliginosa

26 bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

# River Chat Chaimarrornis leucocephalus

Seven bird-days. Noted on three dates.

# Grey Bushchat Saxicola ferreus

Six bird-days. Noted on three dates.

### Desert Wheatear Oenanthe deserti

One male along Lhasa river on 28th.

### Chestnut-bellied Rock Thrush Monticola rufiventris

One female seen well on 18<sup>th</sup>.

## Slaty-backed Flycatcher Ficedula hodgsonii

A singing male - seen briefly - on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

## Rufous-gorgetted Flycatcher Ficedula strophiata

12 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

# Snowy-browed Flycatcher Ficedula hyperythra

One male on 23<sup>rd</sup>.

# Sapphire Flycatcher Ficedula sapphira

A female-type of this sought-after species was seen on 18<sup>th</sup>.

#### Asian Verditer Flycatcher Eumyias thalassinus

44 bird-days. Noted on six dates. This vocal, attractive species was a strong presence in the mixed evergreen forest...

### Rufous-bellied Niltava Niltava sundara

Two on 18<sup>th</sup>.

# Pygmy Blue Flycatcher Muscicapella hodgsoni

Six bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Grey-headed Flycatcher Culicicapa ceylonensis

56 bird-days. Noted on ten dates.

### White-throated Dipper Cinclus cinclus

Seven bird-days. Noted on two dates – three of them were of the all-brown morph.

# Brown Dipper Cinclus pallasii

One on 25<sup>th</sup>.

# \*\*\*Dipper sp. Cinclus sp.

Singles on two dates.

# **Buff-bellied Flowerpecker** Dicaeum ignipectum

58 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Mrs. Gould's Sunbird Aethopyga gouldiae

167 bird-days. Noted on 11 dates.

# Russet Sparrow Passer rutilans

Singles at Lhasa on two dates.

# **Eurasian Tree Sparrow** Passer montanus

Widespread – not systematically recorded.

# Tibetan (= Himalayan) Snowfinch Montifringilla adamsi

Singles on two dates.

## White-rumped Snowfinch Onychostruthus taczanowskii

Five bird-days. Noted on two dates – this, the most charismatic of all the snowfinches is evidently much scarcer here than in NE Tibet, China's Qinghai province.

### Rufous-necked Snowfinch Pyrgilauda ruficollis

45+ bird-days. Noted on two dates.

#### Alpine Accentor Prunella collaris

Four seen well as they fed at the edge of the road on 14<sup>th</sup>.

### Robin Accentor Prunella rubeculoides

23 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

# Rufous-browed Accentor Prunella strophiata

47 bird-days. Noted on nine dates.

## Brown Accentor Prunella fulvescens

51 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

## Maroon-backed Accentor Prunella immaculata

Eight on 25<sup>th</sup> justified putting in the extra mileage – Tingaling!

# Citrine Wagtail Motacilla citreola

Three males at Lhasa on 29<sup>th</sup> – two calcarata & one citreola.

# Grey Wagtail Motacilla cinerea

Four bird-days. Noted on two dates.

### White Wagtail Motacilla alba

64 bird-days. Noted on 14 dates – both sspp *leucopsis* & *alboides* were identified.

\*\*\*Alstrom & Mild (2003) concluded that various factors "suggest that the White Wagtail is best treated as a single species under the BSC".

# Olive-backed Pipit Anthus hodgsoni

21 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

### Rosy Pipit Anthus roseus

Three on 26<sup>th</sup>.

# Brambling Fringilla montifringilla

Three at Lhasa on 13<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Latest spring date for Golmud, Qinghai, was 3 Apr: JH pers. obs.

### Black-headed Greenfinch Carduelis ambigua

44+ bird-days. Noted on three dates - main event a flock of 38 on 19th.

### Twite Carduelis flavirostris

c265 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

### Plain Mountain Finch Leucosticte nemoricola

1,160+ bird-days. Noted on four dates - main event(s) two swarms of 500+ on 26<sup>th</sup>.

## Common Rosefinch Carpodacus erythrinus

Two males by the hotel on 17<sup>th</sup>.

### Pink-rumped Rosefinch Carpodacus eos

169+ bird-days. This juniper specialist was noted on eight dates.

### Three-banded Rosefinch Carpodacus trifasciatus

11 bird-days. Noted on two dates.

# Chinese White-browed Rosefinch Carpodacus dubius

29 bird-days. Noted on six dates.

\*\*\*Two females seen rather briefly on 18 Apr 2007 [JH *et al.*] were at first thought to be Himalayan White-browed Rosefinch *C. thura.* However, on a 2<sup>nd</sup> visit later in spring 2007 birds in roughly the same area – including a couple of pretty males - were clearly not *C. thura*, and it was concluded that morphological and vocal differences from NE Tibet birds were down to these being *C. d. femininus* rather than the familiar *C. d. dubius*.

# Eastern Great Rosefinch Carpodacus rubicilloides

19 bird-days. Noted on four dates.

## Spotted Great Rosefinch Carpodacus severtzovi

Ten bird-days. Noted on two dates.

### Red Crossbill Loxia curvirostra

30 on 20th.

# Brown Bullfinch Pyrrhula nipalensis

30+ bird-days. Noted on five dates – it was a real treat to 'scope singing birds on 18<sup>th</sup>.

# Grey-headed Bullfinch Pyrrhula erythaca

42+ bird-days. Noted on no less than five dates.

# Collared Grosbeak Mycerobas affinis

Two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

# White-winged Grosbeak Mycerobas carniceps

16 bird-days. Noted on five dates.

# Golden-naped Finch Pyrrhoplectes epauletta

Four bird-days. Possibly the same two female-types on two dates.

# Eastern Rock Bunting Emberiza godlewskii

74 bird-days. Noted on seven dates.

# Little Bunting Emberiza pusilla

Two near Bomi on 19<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Zheng (2005) listed the species for 'all [of China] except Xizang'.

# **MAMMALS**

**Assam Macaque** *Macaca assamensis* 11+ on 22<sup>nd</sup>.

**Orange-bellied Himalayan Squirrel** *Dremomys lokriah* Five animal-days. Noted on three dates.

**Himalayan Marmot** *Marmota himalayana* Six on 27<sup>th</sup>.

**Plateau Pika** *Ochotona curzoniae* c20 identified on 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Woolly Hare** *Lepus oiostolus* Two on 28<sup>th</sup>.

**Asian Black Bear** *Ursus thibetanus* One (KLN, DR) on 23<sup>rd</sup> – ouch!

**Tibetan Gazelle** *Procapra picticaudata* 15 animal-days. Noted on two dates.

**Red Goral** *Naemorhedus baileyi* Three animal-days. Noted on two dates.

**Blue Sheep** *Pseudois nayaur* Nine on 14<sup>th</sup>.