## Gaoligongshan & Ruili, Yunnan, China 1-17 Dec 2005.

## An at-a-glance list of 263 bird species identified.

[this draft 8 January 2006]

## by JESPER HORNSKOV.

On this visit, my 13<sup>th</sup> to Yunnan since 1988, I stayed on in the Gaoligongshan after my companions of the first three-days-and-a-morning, B Andersson, C Campion, C Gladwin & J Hammar, had left for home, and finished off with four days out of Ruili.

The list is intended to form the baseline for further work, is thus best considered preliminary, and should not be cited without the author's permission.

In the species list the concept "bird-days" is used - it is the avian equivalent of man-hours: for example, separate flocks of ten and 15 Asian Dowitchers moving through score 25 bird-days, as would a single individual seen daily for 25 days. The sum of day totals - a handy measure of relative abundance, nothing more.

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#### Species list.

Little Grebe *Tachybaptus ruficollis* <u>Ruili</u>: four on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Great Crested Grebe Podiceps cristatus

Ruili: one adult on 13<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Although listed as wintering in Yunnan the species was not mapped for W of the Salween by Cheng (1987).

Robson (2000) considered it a rare to scarce winter visitor to adjacent NE, C & E Burma (and a vagrant to NW Thailand).

#### Great Cormorant Phalacrocorax carbo

Ruili: five on 13<sup>th</sup>.

which was not mapped for W of Salween by Cheng (1987).

#### Little Green Heron Butorides striatus

<u>Ruili</u>: one juvenile on 16<sup>th</sup>, dropping out of pines adjacent to pool onto tree fallen into it.

#### Chinese Pond Heron Ardeola bacchus

Ruili: one on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Eastern Cattle Egret Bubulcus coromandus

<u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: five on  $13^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: one on  $13^{th}$ .

\*\*\**Egretta spp.* <u>Ruili</u>: 240 in roost on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Spotbill Anas poecilorhyncha

<u>Ruili</u>: 25 on 13<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed this taxon only for Yunnan (as a resident at Jingdong & Simao, and as a migrant at Lijiang) & Guangdong.

#### Common Teal A. crecca

<u>Ruili</u>: 99 on 13<sup>th</sup>.

## Jerdon's Baza Avecida jerdoni

<u>Ruili</u>: one on 17th, flying along the hillside just before sunrise & landing at <100m to allow good if relatively brief views.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed the species only for SW Yunnan & Hainan; Robson (2000) did not list it for adjacent E Burma.

Identification was fairly straight-forward: a smallish raptor with *Avecida* wing-shape – "hand broad, inner wing somewhat pinched-in". Perched – "crest very up-sticking. Throat pale with hint of mesial stripe. Upper breast streaked chestnut; rest of underparts broadly barred chestnut (= fairly dark, washed-out general appearance). Sides of head grey [ish?]; iris yellow. Tail with three well-spaced, not-too-wide [-looking, from below] bars."

## Crested Honey Buzzard Pernis ptilorhyncus

<u>Ruili</u>: three adults on 16<sup>th</sup>.

## Himalayan Griffon Gyps himalayensis

Gaoligongshan: one 1<sup>st</sup> cy bird flew S on 8<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Besra** Accipiter virgatus <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on 4+6+10<sup>th</sup>, and two on 1<sup>st</sup>.

#### Eurasian Sparrowhawk A. nisus

Ruili: one hunting on 16<sup>th</sup>.

## Crested Goshawk A. trivirgatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on 1+3+4+6+10<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: one adult perched up at <50m at sunset on 16<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Accipiter sp. Gaoligongshan: one on 7<sup>th</sup>.

#### Common Buzzard Buteo buteo

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on  $1+10^{th}$  (and two on  $2^{nd}$ : JoH). <u>Ruili</u>: one on  $15^{th}$  & three on  $16^{th}$ .

#### Black Eagle Ictinaetus malayensis

Gaoligongshan: 10-11 bird-days (1-4 noted on six dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Mountain Hawk Eagle Spizaetus nipalensis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one adult on 1<sup>st</sup>, two adults on 9<sup>th</sup> & an adult with a 1<sup>st</sup> cy bird – "adult landed, 1<sup>st</sup> cy kept circling; later both flew across, the adult continued but the 1<sup>st</sup> cy circled at <200m in superb sun, landed, then circled again" - on 10<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: one adult on 15<sup>th</sup>.

### Eurasian Kestrel Falco tinnunculus

Baoshan - Ruili: three on 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Peregrine** *F. peregrinus* <u>Ruili</u>: one adult "on the usual pylon" on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Common Hill Partridge Arborophila torqueola

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 42 bird-days (1-7 noted on 11 dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: one heard on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Rufous-throated Hill Partridge A. rufogularis

Gaoligongshan: four "seen properly" on 12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\**Arborophila sp.* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: three glimpsed on 12<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Mountain Bamboo Partridge** Bambusicola fytchii Ruili: 2+ heard on 14<sup>th</sup> & three heard on 16<sup>th</sup>.

**Temminck's Tragopan** *Tragopan temminckii* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: single females on 2+3<sup>rd</sup> & a male on 7<sup>th</sup>.

Silver Pheasant Lophura nyctemera Gaoligongshan: single males on 7+12<sup>th</sup> & a male with four females on 8<sup>th</sup>.

## Red Junglefowl Gallus gallus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one male in Area B at c2,400m on 3<sup>rd</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: Two (male & female in different spots) on 16<sup>th</sup> & a pair on 17<sup>th</sup>.

[?Mrs. Hume's Pheasant Syrmaticus humiae Gaoligongshan: only the tail of a female pheasant presumed to be this species on 9<sup>th</sup>...]

**Common Sandpiper** Actitis hypoleucos <u>Ruili</u>: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Wood Snipe Gallinago nemoricola

Gaoligongshan: one flushed at c2,350m on 7<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) considered the species to be only an exceedingly rare straggler in China, recording it for Yunnan (without locality) & Nyingchi in Xizang. The species breeds in the Wolong area, Sichuan (B. King pers. com.).

# **Speckled Wood Pigeon** *Columba hodgsonii* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: eight on 3<sup>rd</sup>.

**Barred Cuckoo Dove** *Macropygia unchall* <u>Ruili</u>: three on 15<sup>th</sup>.

Wedge-tailed Green Pigeon Treron sphenura Gaoligongshan: two at c1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\* Treron sp.
<u>Ruili</u>: two heard on 15<sup>th</sup> & six on 17<sup>th</sup>.
<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 1-2 on four dates over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-breasted Parakeet Psitticula alexandri

Ruili: c7,000 (largest flock c2,900 birds, passing at 18h45) on 13<sup>th</sup>.

## Grey-headed Parakeet P. finschii

Ruili: four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\* Parakeet sp. Ruili: 18 on 17<sup>th</sup>.

Collared Scops Owl Otus bakkamoena

Gaoligongshan: perhaps the same singleton heard near the accommodation on 4+5+7+8<sup>th</sup>.

## Collared Owlet Glaucidium brodiei

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles heard on 1+2+8+11<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: one heard on 15<sup>th</sup>.

## Brown Wood Owl Strix leptogrammica

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: five bird-days (heard-onlies on four dates, apparently representing three different pairs) on

4+8+11+12<sup>th</sup>.

## Chinese Tawny Owl S. nivicola

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles heard on only 2+4<sup>th</sup> (despite other pre-dawn starts). In addition, an **Owl sp** seen on 10 Dec 2005 may have been this species.

## Hodgson's Frogmouth Batrachostomus hodgsoni

Gaoligongshan: 1-2 heard on 7<sup>th</sup> & one heard on 12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) considered the species only an accidental to China. One was heard hear Ruili by P Holt (P. Holt unpublished) and the species occurs up to 1,900m in in SE Asia, incl in E Burma (Robson 2000).

#### Himalayan Swiftlet Collocalia brevirostris

Gaoligongshan: singles on 1+2+12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Fork-tailed Swift Apus pacificus

Gaoligongshan: four on 4<sup>th</sup> & 20 on 10<sup>th</sup>.

<u>Ruili</u>: four on 15<sup>th</sup> & eight on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*The only Yunnan localities mentioned by Cheng (1987) are Deqin (in NW) & Kaiyuan (in SE). While subspecific identification of Fork-tailed Swifts has not been a priority on visits to Yunnan, it is worth noting that the birds on 15 Dec 2005 had "[...] smaller rump patches" – presumably they were cooki rather than kanoi which according to Robson (2000) is "said to be intermediate" between cooki and the nominate. cooki was however not included for China by Cheng (1987). leoconyx, the remaining ssp, breeds Himalayas and Assam Hills & migrates to S India (Dickinson 2003), and thus seems unlikely to turn up in SW Yunnan.

#### [?Dark-rumped Swift A. acuticauda

Gaoligongshan: a dark-rumped swift on 1<sup>st</sup> [BA] was most likely also this species.]

House Swift A. affinis

Gaoligongshan: two over the main ridge on 8<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, five swifts heading down towards the Salween at dawn on 9<sup>th</sup> were presumably also this species.

<u>Ruili</u>: four on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Red-headed Trogon** Harpactes erythrocephalus

Gaoligongshan: singles on 1+3<sup>rd</sup>, the latter at c2,350m.

\*\*\*Perhaps only exceptionally recorded above c2,000m, the upper altitudinal limit given by Lekagul & Round (1991), though Grimmett <u>et al.</u> (1998) have it down as occurring "terai up to 1,800 m (-2,400 m)" in India.

Indian Roller Coracias benghalensis Shweli Bridge – Mangshi: one on 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Pied Kingfisher** *Ceryle rudis* <u>Ruili</u>: six on 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Kingfisher** Alcedo atthis Baoshan – Ruili: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Great Barbet Megalaima virens

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 19 bird-days (1-3 almost daily) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: two on 14+16<sup>th</sup> & five on 15+17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Golden-throated Barbet M. franklinii

Gaoligongshan: 19 bird-days (1-5 noted on eight dates, incl one at c1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Blue-throated Barbet M. asiatica

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at <1,600m singles on  $5+6^{th}$  & two on  $9^{th}$ . Ruili: one on  $14^{th}$  & four on  $16^{th}$ , and ten on  $15^{th}$  & one on  $17^{th}$ .

## Speckled Piculet Picumnus innominatus

<u>Ruili</u>: two on 15<sup>th</sup> & 16<sup>th</sup>.

White-browed Piculet Sasia ochracea

Ruili: one on 14<sup>th</sup>.

#### Greater Yellownape Picus flavinucha

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 14 bird-days (1-4 noted on eight dates) over 2-12<sup>th</sup> – most likely 6-8 birds were involved, with four together on 6<sup>th</sup> the main event.

#### Darjeeling Woodpecker Dendrocopus darjellensis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 1-2 on 7<sup>th</sup>, 2-3 on 8<sup>th</sup> (two in the Streak-throated Barwing Flock; a singleton seen later may have been one of the same), one male on 10<sup>th</sup>, four on 11<sup>th</sup> (incl a male & two females together, the male at eye level at <15m in perfect light) & one female on 12<sup>th</sup>.

## Crimson-breasted Woodpecker D. cathpharius

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on 4+7<sup>th</sup> – the latter associated with a mixed feeding flock at c2,400m.

#### Stripe-breasted Woodpecker D. atratus

Ruili: three on 15<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, a **Dendrocopus sp** heard on 13<sup>th</sup> may have been this species.

#### Grey-capped Woodpecker D. canicapillus

Gaoligongshan: singles on 4+5+9+11<sup>th</sup> & five (all at <1,600m) on 6<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: two on 14<sup>th</sup> & one on 16<sup>th</sup>, and singles on 15+17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Greater Goldenback Chrysocolaptes lucidus

Ruili: singles heard on 14+16<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed the species for W, SW & S Yunnan but considered it "very rare".

#### **Bay Woodpecker** Blythipicus pyrrhotis

Gaoligongshan: 27 bird-days (1-5 daily, of which just one was seen) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: two heard on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Long-tailed Broadbill Psarisomus dalhousiae

Gaoligongshan: three at c1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: 14 on 14<sup>th</sup> & 16 on 16<sup>th</sup>, and six on 15<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*Listed as very rare by Cheng (1987).

### Grey-throated Sand Martin Riparia chinensis

Baoshan – Ruili: 15 on 13<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*formerly conspecific with Plain Martin Riparia paludicola; split here following Rasmussen & Anderton (2005)

Crag Martin Hirundo rupestris Gaoligongshan: two on 5<sup>th</sup> & one on 9<sup>th</sup>.

Barn Swallow H. rustica Baoshan - Ruili: 10+ on 13th. Ruili: c150 on 13<sup>th</sup>, ten on 14<sup>th</sup> & 150+ on 16<sup>th</sup>, and 15 on 15<sup>th</sup>.

## Red-rumped Swallow H. daurica

Gaoligongshan: seven on 5<sup>th</sup> & ten on 9<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: one on 16<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\* Red-rumped/Striated Swallows Ruili: 30-40 on 15+17<sup>th</sup> & two on 16<sup>th</sup>.

## Asian House Martin Delichon dasypus

Gaoligongshan: 30+ on 1<sup>st</sup>, three on 5<sup>th</sup> & one on 6<sup>th</sup>. In addition, a flock of 200+ was seen by JoH <u>et al.</u> on  $1+3^{rd}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: 35+ on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Nepal House Martin D. nipalense

Gaoligongshan: c20 on 2<sup>nd</sup>, five on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 20+ on 10<sup>th</sup> & 30+ (with some synchronized flutter-flying "going on" involving mostly two birds, sometimes three) on 12<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, 8-10 birds were in the large flock of Asian House Martins on 1<sup>st</sup> [BA].

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) considered the species "very rare" in China, listing ssp cuttingi for W Yunnan ("Gazuo of Gongshan") and the nominate ssp for S Xizang (Zhangmun Nyalam). Robson (2000) did not include the species for adjacent E Burma, though he considered it an "uncommon resident in SW, W, N [Burma], NE Thailand, Laos, W Tonkin".

## Grey Wagtail Motacilla cinerea

<u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: one on  $13^{\text{th}}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: two on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & one  $16^{\text{th}}$ , and probably the same singleton on  $15+17^{\text{th}}$ .

White Wagtail *M. alba* <u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: three on 13<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

Olive-backed Pipit Anthus hodgsonii Gaoligongshan: one on 5<sup>th</sup> & four on 9<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: 26 bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

Large Cuckoo Shrike Coracina macei

Gaoligongshan: singles on 7+11+12<sup>th</sup>.

## Black-winged Cuckoo Shrike C. melaschista

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one at <1,600m on  $6^{th}$  & one male at c2,300m on  $7^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: two on 14<sup>th</sup> & two on 15+17<sup>th</sup>.

Grey-chinned Minivet Pericrocotus solaris Gaoligongshan: 49 bird-days (1-9 birds noted on ten dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

## Long-tailed Minivet P. ethologus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: five on  $1^{st}$ , singles on 7+9+11<sup>th</sup> & two on  $10^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: a flock of 11 on  $14^{th}$  & 1+ heard on  $16^{th}$ .

#### Short-billed Minivet *P. brevirostris* Ruili: four on 15<sup>th</sup>.

Scarlet Minivet *P. flammeus* <u>Ruili</u>: 39 on 14<sup>th</sup> & 8+ on 16<sup>th</sup>, and three on15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

## Bar-winged Flycatcher Shrike Hemipus picatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: three on  $1^{st}$ , 30 (at <1,600m) on  $5^{th}$ , 12 (at <1,600m) on  $6^{th}$  & one on  $9^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: six on  $14^{th}$  & five on  $16^{th}$ , and 12 on  $15^{th}$ .

## Large Wood Shrike Tephrodornis gularis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: four at c2,150m on 5<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: seven on 14<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\* The Gaoligongshan birds were considerably higher than Robson (2000)'s max altitude for adjacent SE Asia, c1,500m.

**Crested Finchbill** Spizixos canifrons <u>Ruili</u>: c20 on 15<sup>th</sup> & 15+ on 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Striated Bulbul** *Pycnonotus striatus* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at <1,600m ten on 5<sup>th</sup>, five on 6<sup>th</sup> & 26 on 9<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: ten on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Black-crested Bulbul** *P. melanicterus* Ruili: two on 14+16<sup>th</sup> & four on 15<sup>th</sup>.

## Red-whiskered Bulbul P. jocosus

<u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: two on  $13^{\text{th}}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: one on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & four on  $16^{\text{th}}$ , and 17 on  $15^{\text{th}}$  & ten on  $17^{\text{th}}$ .

Red-vented Bulbul *P. cafer* <u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: 15+ on 13<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: 47 bird-days over 12-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Flavescent Bulbul P. flavescens

<u>Ruili</u>: three on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & one on  $16^{\text{th}}$ , and  $12 + \text{ on } 15^{\text{th}}$  & two on  $17^{\text{th}}$ .

White-throated Bulbul *Criniger flaveolus* <u>Ruili</u>: 11+ on 14<sup>th</sup> & 15 on 16<sup>th</sup>, and four on 15<sup>th</sup> & 5+ on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Mountain Bulbul Hypsipetes mcclellandii

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 52 bird-days (2-10 birds noted on nine dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: ten on 15<sup>th</sup> & three on 17<sup>th</sup>.

Ashy Bulbul *H. flavala* <u>Ruili</u>: nine on 14<sup>th</sup> & 12+ on 16<sup>th</sup>, and four on 15<sup>th</sup>.

Black Bulbul H. leucocephalus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 149+ bird-days (3-25+ daily - the vast majority black-headed: single white-headed birds only on 1<sup>st</sup> & 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

<u>Ruili</u>: eight on 14<sup>th</sup> & 14 (three black- & 11 white-headed) on 16<sup>th</sup>, and 23 on 15<sup>th</sup> & 30 (of which c15 were white-, the rest black-headed) on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Common lora Aegithina tiphia

<u>Ruili</u>: two on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & one on  $16^{\text{th}}$ .

\*\*\*Considered rare by Cheng (1987).

Golden-fronted Leafbird Chloropsis aurifrons

Ruili: one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Orange-bellied Leafbird C. hardwickii

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on 5+6+10+12<sup>th</sup> & two on 11<sup>th</sup> – the one on 10<sup>th</sup> at c2,330m was unusually high.

Ruili: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & three on 16<sup>th</sup>, and two on 15<sup>th</sup> & five on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Chloropsis sp.

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one at <1,600m on  $6^{th}$ .

Brown Shrike Lanius cristatus Baoshan – Ruili: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

### Long-tailed Shrike L. schach

<u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: five on 13<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: Seven bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-backed Shrike L. tephronotus

<u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: two on  $13^{\text{th}}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: one on  $15+17^{\text{th}}$ .

Maroon-backed Accentor Prunella immaculata Gaoligongshan: one at 1,995m on 10<sup>th</sup>.

#### Gould's Shortwing Brachypteryx stellata

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one seen extremely well by everyone present at c2,300m on 1<sup>st</sup> [another was present in the same gully: BA] & one heard singing at <1,550m on 5<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Considered very rare in China by Cheng (1987) who listed it only for Yunnan (Yanjin) & SW Qamdo, Xizang.

#### Lesser Shortwing B. leucophrys

<u>Ruili</u>: five on  $14^{th}$  & two on  $16^{th}$ , and one on  $15^{th}$  – all were heard singing: none seen.

## White-browed Shortwing B. montana

<u>Ruili</u>: one heard singing on 17<sup>th</sup>.

## Siberian Rubythroat Luscinia calliope

Ruili: four heard on 14 Dec 2005.

#### Himalayan Red-flanked Bluetail Tarsiger (cyanurus) rufilatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 59 bird-days (2-9 noted daily, of which 11 were adult males, all *rufilatus*; at <1,600m 2-4 birds each day on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: one on 14<sup>th</sup> & three (incl an adult male *rufilatus*) on 15<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Rasmussen & Anderton (2005) elevated *rufilatus* to full species status. *cyanurus* is a visitor to NW Thailand & N Indochina (Robson 2000) but it remains to be discovered if it is regular in Yunnan.

## White-browed Bush Robin T. indicus

Gaoligongshan: two female-types on 4<sup>th</sup>.

**Golden Bush Robin** *T. chrysaeus* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one at c2,300m on 10<sup>th</sup>.

Magpie RobinCopsychus saularisRuili:singles on 14+16th.Shweli bridge - Mangshi:one on 17th.

#### **Blue-fronted Redstart** *Phoenicurus frontalis* Gaoligongshan: nine bird-days (1-3 noted on six dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Daurian Redstart P. auroreus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: probably the same single male at c1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: singles on 13+14<sup>th</sup>.

**Plumbeous Redstart** *Rhyacornis fuliginosus* <u>Ruili</u>: one male on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Little Forktail Enicurus scouleri

Gaoligongshan: one at c1,500m on 9<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*The bird put on a memorable show, turning a comparatively slow afternoon completely around - it would have been a serious contender for Bird of the Trip, right up there with Gould's Shortwing, had a vote been taken: "worked the near-vertical rock, pecking at moss; [also did] two ledges, slipping pale-leggedly on slithery surface but, having wings, not worried. Constant tail-fanning in pulses [calling to mind] female Plumbeous [Redstart]".

## White-crowned Forktail E. leschenaultii

<u>Ruili</u>: one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Spotted Forktail E. maculatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: ten bird-days (1-3 noted on six dates, incl three heard-onlies & one at <1,500m on  $5^{th}$ ) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

## Black-backed Forktail E. immaculata

<u>**Ruili</u>: four on 14^{th} & five 16^{th}.</u>** 

\*\*\*Only one record in China prior to 1995 (J H Christensen unpublished).

#### Slaty-backed Forktail E. schistaceus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: different singles on 7<sup>th</sup> & on 9<sup>th</sup>, the latter disappearing over the cliff where the Little Forktail appeared later. Ruili: three on 16<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Enicurus sp.

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: nine bird-days (1-4 noted on four dates – most likely eight were **Spotted** & one a **Slaty-backed**) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

**Stonechat** Saxicola torquata <u>Baoshan – Ruili</u>: 2+ on 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Grey Bushchat** *S. ferrea* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: two on 4<sup>th</sup>.

<u>Ruili</u>: two on  $14+16^{\text{th}}$  & two on  $15^{\text{th}}$ .

**River Chat** Chaimarrornis leucocephala <u>Ruili</u>: one on 16<sup>th</sup>.

### Chestnut-bellied Rock Thrush Monticola rufiventris

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: single males at c1,600m on  $9^{th}$  & at c2,300m on  $10^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: one female on  $14^{th}$ .

#### Blue Whistling Thrush Myophonus caeruleus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: eight bird-days (1-4 noted on four dates; daily max four on 9<sup>th</sup>, all at <1,600m, as were two on 6<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Built two board on 14<sup>th</sup> 8 and board on 15<sup>th</sup>

Ruili: two heard on 14<sup>th</sup> & one heard on 15<sup>th</sup>.

## White's Thrush Zoothera dauma

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one on 1<sup>st</sup> was considered to be a *dauma* (as was one seen the following day in a different spot [BA *et al.*] but at similar altitude, c2,400m) by JoH *et al.* who got a more prolonged look.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) listed both Z. d. aurea & Z. d. socia for Yunnan. Dickinson (2003) included the latter with dauma. Stott (1993) listed the species as "commonly recorded" in the Kunming area. The breeding range of ssp dauma, treated as a full species, Small-billed Scaly Thrush, by Rasmussen & Anderton (2005), is N Pakistan (Rasmussen & Anderton 2005) E to Yunnan, Sichuan & Guangxi (Dickinson 2003), and six "Scaly Thrush" recorded in the Gaoligongshan in early June 1999 by Brown *et al.* (Brown 1999) were presumably this taxon rather than *aurea* (or *toratugumi* – the other northern form treated with *aurea* as a species distinct from *dauma* on size and voice by Dickinson (2003)).

*Z. aurea* differs in being "slightly [larger – length 240-255mm vs 210-215mm, wing 154-168mm vs 136-147mm], typically with a longer bill and more prominent whitish eye-ring, heavily mottled cheek with less prominent blackish spot at rear of auriculars, and <u>stronger spots on malar</u>. Upperparts often paler than on Small-billed, with bolder, broader and more rounded scales, denser and more distinct on rump and especially prominent on uppertail-coverts; wings dark olive-brown boldly variegated with rufous-buff and black, median coverts black with very large triangular pale buff tips, greater coverts olive-brown with moderate-width, strongly contrasting wing-bar, tertials usually with slightly darker inner webs than outer ones and with <u>sharply</u> <u>contrasting small paler tips</u>, while fresh primaries usually have very narrow, indistinct paler tips.": Rasmussen & Anderton (2005).

#### Plain-backed Thrush Z. mollissima

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: nine bird-days (1-2 noted on seven dates, involving <u>at least</u> five different individuals frequently allowing close approach) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, a thrush seen in front of the vehicle on 12<sup>th</sup> was suspected to be this species rather than Long-tailed Thrush.

#### Long-tailed Ground Thrush Z. dixoni

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 92 bird-days (2-12 noted daily, with birds at <1,600m only on 6+9<sup>th</sup> – two on each date) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

Close looks at a messed-up looking and perhaps particularly confiding bird on 10<sup>th</sup> revealed that most of the coverts were missing off its right wing, most likely following a close encounter with an Accipiter...

#### Eyebrowed Thrush Turdus obscurus

Gaoligongshan: two on 2<sup>nd</sup> & singles on 3+6<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: three on 17<sup>th</sup>.

## Black-breasted Thrush T. dissimilis

Ruili: one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-winged Blackbird T. boulboul

Gaoligongshan: one present at c1,600m on 6+9<sup>th</sup>, perched up in Big Tree at dawn.

### Naumann's Thrush T. naumanni

Gaoligongshan: singles on 3+9+11<sup>th</sup> – the 1<sup>st</sup> was a *eunomus*, the other two heard-onlies.

#### Chestnut Thrush T. rubrocanus

Gaoligongshan: singles on 1+7+10<sup>th</sup>, nine on 2<sup>nd</sup> & five on 4<sup>th</sup>.

#### Puff-throated Babbler Pellorneum ruficeps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at <1,600m two heard on  $5^{th}$  & one heard (giving full song) on  $9^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: six on both 14+16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Spot-breasted Scimitar Babbler Pomatorhinus erythrocnemis

Gaoligongshan: 11 bird-days (1-3 heard-onlies noted on six dates, incl 1-3 at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: one heard on 13<sup>th</sup>.

#### Streak-breasted Scimitar Babbler P. ruficollis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u> (ssp. *similis*): 145 bird-days (3-23 daily, incl 3-5 at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u> (ssp. *albipectus*): seven on 14<sup>th</sup> & ten on 16<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-billed Scimitar Babbler P. ochraceiceps

<u>Ruili</u>: 2-3 birds seen repeatedly on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Slender-billed Scimitar Babbler Xiphirrhynchus superciliaris

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: nine bird-days involving 5+ individuals - two on 2<sup>nd</sup>, one heard on 4<sup>th</sup>, one seen well on 10<sup>th</sup>, two heard ("new birds; alarm [-call]ed, then gave complex song once in response to [recording obtained on 10<sup>th</sup>]") on 11<sup>th</sup> & two on 12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Considered very rare by Cheng (1987), and rare by Han (1996) who listed specimen records only from Gongshan, Tengchong & Xinping counties & observed just 11 individuals during his fieldwork. DeSchauensee (1984), in error, gives the altitudinal range as 915-2,135m; Ali & Ripley (1987) gives it as 2,100-3,400m (for the nominate form).

The usual song is about eight run-together, bubbly hoots concluded by a whiplashed note. Han (1996), in November, noted only "a three-syllabled, deep 'do go go, do go go'".

#### Streaked Wren Babbler Napothera brevicaudata

Gaoligongshan: one on 6<sup>th</sup>.

#### Scaly-breasted Wren Babbler Pnoepyga albiventer

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles heard singing on 4+12<sup>th</sup> & one seen (a Robson (2000)'s "juvenile dark morph?" type bird at c2,300m) on 8<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, a loud Wren Babbler "tschick" heard at c2,350m on 12<sup>th</sup> was most likely given by this species.

#### Pygmy Wren Babbler P. pusilla

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on  $1+6^{th}$  & two on  $5^{th}$ , all at >2,000m. <u>Ruili</u>: three heard on  $14^{th}$  & one heard on  $16^{th}$ .

#### Long-tailed Wren Babbler Spelaeornis reptatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 11 bird-days (involving ten individuals: singles on 1+3<sup>rd</sup>, five on 2<sup>nd</sup> & four on 12<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*formerly considered conspecific with S. chocolatinus - see Rasmussen & Anderton (2005).

#### **Rufous-capped Babbler** Stachyris ruficeps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 31 bird-days (1-6 noted on eights dates, of which only three on 5<sup>th</sup> were at <1,600m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

<u>Ruili</u>: singles on 15+17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Golden Babbler S. chrysaea

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 10+ bird-days - at <1,600m two on  $5+6^{th}$  & five on  $9^{th}$ ; one higher up (2,000m?) on  $10^{th}$ .

Ruili: five on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>, and two on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-throated Babbler S. nigriceps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: eight bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup> – two heard at >1,600m on 4<sup>th</sup>, and two (involving 4-6 individuals) at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chestnut-capped Babbler Timalia pileata

<u>Ruili</u>: three on 14<sup>th</sup> & two in the same spot on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### White-throated Laughingthrush Garrulax albogularis

Gaoligongshan: 19 (at c1,500m, moving "uphill across the path: super views") on 5<sup>th</sup> & 9+ at c1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>.

#### Greater Necklaced Laughingthrush G. pectoralis

Gaoligongshan: two heard (& taperecorded) at c2,250m on 12<sup>th</sup>.

## \*\*\*Lesser/Greater Necklaced Laughingthrush

Ruili: 1+ heard on 16<sup>th</sup> – probably Lesser...

#### Black-throated Laughingthrush G. chinensis

<u>Ruili</u>: four (the song of a group of three taperecorded, with one distant bird singing back in response) on 14<sup>th</sup> & 12+ on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Spotted Laughingthrush** G. ocellatus

Gaoligongshan: four at c2,400m on 7<sup>th</sup> & one on 8<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Grey-sided Laughingthrush** G. caerulatus latifrons

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: six on 2<sup>nd</sup>, one on 4<sup>th</sup>, seven on 11<sup>th</sup> & a group of ten (seen well & taperecorded at c2,325m) on 12<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, it seems likely in retrospect that two birds taperecorded on 10<sup>th</sup> but unresponsive to playback,and maybe a couple of birds seen briefly and heard uttering a 'frog-like' croak on 3<sup>rd</sup> [JoH],

were also this often retiring species.

\*\*\*Considered rare by Cheng (1987) who separated *ricinus, berthemeyi* & *poecilorhyncus* as Rufous Laughingthrush *G. latifrons*.

#### Rufous-necked Laughingthrush G. ruficollis

<u>Ruili</u>: c10 on 13<sup>th</sup>, feeding in flowering scrubs alongside a few White-browed Laughingthrushes.

#### Hwamei G. canorus

Gaoligongshan: one heard singing at <1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>.

#### White-browed Laughingthrush G. sannio

Ruili: 43+ bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Blue-winged Laughingthrush G. squamatus

Gaoligongshan: 4+ (of which 2+ were at <1,600m) on 5<sup>th</sup> & two at c2,000m on 10<sup>th</sup>.

#### Scaled Laughingthrush G. subunicolor

Gaoligongshan: 18 bird-days involving probably no more than nine individuals over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-faced Laughingthrush G. affinis

Gaoligongshan: three seen well and heard singing on 8<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Considered uncommon by Cheng (1987).

#### Chestnut-crowned Laughingthrush G. erythrocephalus

Gaoligongshan: 57 bird-days (1-14 noted daily, incl 1-3 at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-tailed Laughingthrush G. milnei

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: a group of 12 at c1,600m "crossing the track heading downhill as the 1<sup>st</sup> sun hit" on 6<sup>th</sup>, 3+ in the same spot on 9<sup>th</sup>, and five at c1,900m on 11<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-faced Liocichla Liocichla phoenicea

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: four at <1,600m ("new song taped") on 5<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: two on  $15^{th}$  & three heard (in two places; one taperecorded) on  $17^{th}$ .

#### Silver-eared Mesia Leiothrix argentauris

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 15 on  $5+9^{\text{th}} \& 20+$  on  $6^{\text{th}}$  (all at <1,600m), and 3+ heard at c1,900m on  $11^{\text{th}}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: 91+ bird-days over 14-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-billed Leiothrix L. lutea

Gaoligongshan: six at c1,600m on 5<sup>th</sup> & one in the same spot on 6<sup>th</sup>.

#### Cutia Cutia nipalensis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: two on 2<sup>nd</sup> & three on 7<sup>th</sup>. In addition, four birds heard on 12<sup>th</sup> were considered to be probably this species.

#### Black-headed Shrike-babbler Pteruthius rufiventer

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 21+ bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup>: eight – incl a flock of six, three males & three females – on 2<sup>nd</sup>, four in the same spot on 7<sup>th</sup>, five (of which three were with Streak-throated Barwings) on 8<sup>th</sup>, one on 10<sup>th</sup>, and 3+ (in spot where six seen on 2<sup>nd</sup>) on 12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Listed as rare by Cheng (1987).

#### White-browed Shrike-babbler P. flaviscapis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 27 bird- days (1-6 noted on eight dates, incl a female with the flock of six Blackheaded on 2<sup>nd</sup>, and at <1,600m four on 5<sup>th</sup> & three on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. *In addition, two Black-headed/ White-browed Shrike Babblers were heard on 10<sup>th</sup>*. Ruili: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & three on 16<sup>th</sup>, and three on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-eared Shrike-babbler P. melanotis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 14 bird-days (1-4 noted on nine dates, incl one at <1,600m on 5<sup>th</sup> & two there on 6<sup>th</sup>, and a female seen memorably on 11<sup>th</sup>, one of four birds seen that day) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chestnut-fronted Shrike-babbler P. aenobarbus

Gaoligongshan: two on both 2+7<sup>th</sup>.

#### Rusty-fronted Barwing Actinodura egertoni

Gaoligongshan: 108+ bird-days (2-23 birds on ten dates, incl 2-9 at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Considered rare by Cheng (1987), with Ruili being SW of range given.

#### Streak-throated Barwing Actinodura waldeni

Gaoligongshan: three on 8<sup>th</sup> in a low-key flock.

\*\*\*Cheng (1987) considered the species "very rare", listing saturatior only for Gongshan & Tengchong. Ssp daflaensis – listed by Cheng for SW Qamdo, Tibet, and recorded at Tangmai by Robson & Farrow (Robson 1987) – "shows complete intermediate characters between the very different waldeni and nipalensis, and hybrids are known from W Arunachal between nipalensis and daflaensis. Arguments could be made for treating daflaensis as a race of nipalensis instead, or for considering all the forms a single species. Vocalisations differ between waldeni and nipalensis, but insufficient material was available for daflaensis.": Rasmussen & Anderton (2005).

#### Blue-winged Minla Minla cyanuroptera

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 5-8 (21 bird-days) at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: three on  $14^{th}$ , and 45 on  $15^{th}$  & nine on  $17^{th}$ .

#### Chestnut-tailed Minla M. strigula

Gaoligongshan: 150 bird-days (5-30 noted on ten dates, with none below c2,000m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Red-tailed Minla *M. ignotinta*

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 25 bird-days (2-7 noted on six dates, incl one on 5<sup>th</sup>, six on 6<sup>th</sup> & four on 9<sup>th</sup> at <1,600m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Golden-breasted Fulvetta Alcippe chrysotis ssp.

Gaoligongshan: c15 on 2<sup>nd</sup>, one on 3<sup>rd</sup>, eight on 7<sup>th</sup> & 8+ on 10<sup>th</sup>.

#### Yellow-throated Fulvetta A. cinerea

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: three on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 5+ heard singing & calling on 4<sup>th</sup>, and 23+ in flock with ten Greycheeked Fulvettas & one Rufous-capped Babbler – seen as close as 5m in good light, roughly in the area where seen on 4+5 Nov 2005 [JH *et al.*]& heard on 4<sup>th</sup> - on 10<sup>th</sup>.

#### Rufous-winged Fulvetta A. castaneceps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 180+ bird-days (4-c55 noted on eight dates, of which just four as low as c1,600m, on 6<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### White-browed Fulvetta A. vinipectus

Gaoligongshan: five on 8<sup>th</sup>.

#### Manipur Fulvetta A. manipurensis

Gaoligongshan: 10+ bird-days (1-3 noted on five dates, all at >2,350m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Streak-throated Fulvetta A. cinereiceps – from which Rasmussen & Anderton (2005) split manipurensis and tonkinensis as Manipur Fulvetta A. manipurensis, a treatment followed here – was included as a resident for the Kunming area, apparently in error, by Stott (1993), having been "uncommonly recorded" by visiting Hong Kong birders, "generally at different times [from A. ruficapilla]", suggesting perfectly understandable confusion between the two similar species..

#### Rusty-capped Fulvetta A. dubia

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 43 bird-days (4-15 noted on five dates, incl nine at <1,600m on  $5^{th}$  & five there on  $9^{th}$ ) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & seven on 16<sup>th</sup>, and ten on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Listed as uncommon by Cheng (1987). Formerly considered conspecific with A. brunnea. Robson (2000) considered dubia, genestieri, mandellii & intermedia to be one species, while Clements (2000) considered A. dubia to be monotypic (giving the range as "pine forests of s Myanmar (Tenasserim))".

#### Grey-cheeked Fulvetta A. morrisonia

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 660 bird-days (5-<u>155</u> noted daily, incl five at <1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup> & 35 ditto on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

## Nepal Fulvetta A. nipalensis

Ruili: two seen rather poorly on 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Rufous-backed Sibia** Heterophasia annectans <u>Ruili</u>: one on 17<sup>th</sup>.

Grey Sibia H. gracilis

Ruili: three on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-headed Sibia H. desgodinsi

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: nine bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup> (1-4 noted on 1+2+4+5<sup>th</sup>; mostly singing heard-onlies). \*\*\* Split from *H. melanoleuca* following Robson (2000).

#### Beautiful Sibia H. pulchella

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 152 bird-days (2-35 birds noted on ten dates, all above c1,900m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*Considered rare by Cheng (1987).

#### Long-tailed Sibia H. picaoides

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: in Area B c5 at c1,900m on 12<sup>th</sup>, "making a racket, then back to feeding on flowers for a moment, then frozen: roosting". <u>Ruili</u>: 14 on 15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

**Striated Yuhina** *Yuhina castaniceps* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 27 at c2,000m on 12<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: 60 on 14<sup>th</sup>.

Whiskered Yuhina *Y. flavicollis* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 69 bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Stripe-throated Yuhina Y. gularis

Gaoligongshan: 32+ bird-days (2-10+ noted on seven dates, all at >2,000m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Rufous-vented Yuhina Y. occipitalis

Gaoligongshan: 213 bird-days (6-52 noted on nine dates, all at >2,000m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### White-bellied Yuhina Y. zantholeuca

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 26+ bird-days (2-5 noted on seven dates, incl at <1,600m five on 5<sup>th</sup>, 2+ on 6<sup>th</sup> & four on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: four on 15<sup>th</sup> & three on 16<sup>th</sup>.

Fulvous Parrotbill Paradoxornis fulvifrons

Gaoligongshan: one at c2,330m on 10<sup>th</sup>.

Black-throated Parrotbill *P. nipalensis* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: c15 on 3<sup>rd</sup>, 25+ on 7<sup>th</sup> & c25 on 12<sup>th</sup>.

Grey-headed Parrotbill P. gularis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: c15 at c2,375m on  $3^{rd}$ , five at >2,100m on  $4^{th}$  & 35+ at c2,350m on  $7^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: a flock of 45 on  $14^{th}$ .

### Chestnut-headed Tesia Tesia castaneocoronata

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 80 bird-days over  $1-12^{th}$  (1-17 daily – daily max count on  $6^{th}$  all concerning birds at <1,600m where most common, but also e g eight at >2,100m on  $7^{th}$ ). Ruili: two on  $15^{th}$  & one of the same again on  $17^{th}$ .

## Slaty-bellied Tesia T. olivea

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 42 bird-days – two on  $1^{st}$  & on  $4^{th}$  at >2,000m, and ten on  $5^{th}$ , 14 on  $6^{th}$  & 15 on  $9^{th}$  all at <1,600m.

**Grey-bellied Tesia** *T. cyaniventer* <u>Ruili</u>: three on 14<sup>th</sup> & two on 16<sup>th</sup>, and one on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Slaty-bellied/ Grey-bellied Tesia

Gaoligongshan: singles on 4+5+9+11<sup>th</sup>.

[?Brownish-flanked Bush Warbler Cettia fortipes Gaoligongshan: one at c1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup> may have been this species.]

[?Yellowish-bellied Bush Warbler C. acanthizoides Gaoligongshan: one at c1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup> may have been this species.]

**Tickell's Leaf Warbler** *Phylloscopus affinis* <u>Ruili</u>: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

**Dusky Warbler** *P. fuscatus* <u>Ruili</u>: two on 13<sup>th</sup>.

Yellow-streaked Warbler *P. armandii* <u>Ruili</u>: three on 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Buff-barred Leaf Warbler** *P. pulcher* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: seven on 1<sup>st</sup>, one on 10<sup>th</sup> & three on 12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: one on 15<sup>th</sup> & three on 17<sup>th</sup>.

Yellow-browed Warbler *P. inornatus* <u>Ruili:</u> 51 bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

**Hume's Leaf Warbler** *P. humei mandelli* <u>Ruili</u>: heard-onlies were four on 14+16<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Pallas's Leaf Warbler *P. proregulus*

Gaoligongshan: 14 bird-days (1-4 noted on seven dates, incl at c1,600m two - possibly the same on both 5+6<sup>th</sup>, and four on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

six bird-days (1-3 noted daily) over 15-17<sup>th</sup>. Ruili:

#### Lemon-rumped Warbler P. chloronotus

Gaoligongshan: 75 bird-days (1-13 daily, incl nine at <1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup>, and 12 on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: 22 bird-days over 14-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chinese Leaf Warbler P. yunnanensis

Ruili: one heard on 15<sup>th</sup> 2005.

#### Ashy-throated Leaf Warbler P. maculipennis

Gaoligongshan: 221+ bird-days (11-31 noted daily, incl 14 at <1,600m on both 6+9<sup>th</sup> – higher average daily counts towards the end of the period likely to reflect greater awareness of the species rather than an increase in numbers present) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Greenish Warbler** *P. trochiloides* [including *plumbeitarsus*]

<u>Ruili</u>: two heard on 14<sup>th</sup> & six (one *plumbeitarsus*, one not, four not seen well enough to be sure) in same area on 16<sup>th</sup>, and one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Blyth's Leaf Warbler P. reguloides

<u>Ruili</u>: 27+ on 14<sup>th</sup> & c40 on 16<sup>th</sup>, and two on 15<sup>th</sup> & one on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Sspp assamensis (W Yunnan - NW Vietnam & NW Thailand: Olsson et al. in press.), reguloides (incl. kashmiriensis) & ticehursti (Langbian Plateau, SC Vietnam: Dickinson) are better considered one species, with assamensis perhaps best not recognized though "more yellow below", while claudiae (C China -N Hebei) is best considered a monotypic species though "the morphological differences between the three [Blyth's Leaf Warbler] species [fokiensis (Guizhou - Fujian) & goodsoni (breeds Guangdong & Guangxi, winter record from Hong Kong: Olsson et al. in press - Dickinson apparently in error lists the species for Hainan constituting the third] are very slight [...], and their songs and calls are presently considered indistinguishable": Olsson et al. in press. "Claudiae is slightly browner above than disturbans, and the coronal stripe and supercilium are whiter making a better contrast in the head plumage": Williamson (1967). Claudiae larger than assamensis & other "sspp": wing 57-68 (vs 53-62) & tail 41-50 (vs 39-49); it has legs "brownish-grey, yellower on toes" (vs "some shade of brownish or yellowish" in regulates & assamensis): Williamson (1967).

#### White-tailed Leaf Warbler P. davisoni

Gaoligongshan: at <1,600mtwo on 6<sup>th</sup> & four heard on 9<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: one on 14<sup>th</sup> & three on 16<sup>th</sup>, and three on 15<sup>th</sup> & seven on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*The taxon davisoni of N+W+C Yunnan is best considered a monotypic species despite only very slight morphological differences & extremely similar songs and calls, while the taxa disturbans (S Sichuan - SE Yunnan), klossi & ogilviegranti (Fujian) are better treated as one species: Olsson et al. in press.

Williamson (1967) noted that "Burmese davisoni have a greyish-olive cast on the mantle so that is less pure than in other races".

#### Bianchi's Warbler Seicercus valentini

Gaoligongshan: 12 bird-days (1-3 noted on seven dates - at <1,600m singles on 5+9<sup>th</sup> & three on 6<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

<u>Ruili</u>: two on 14<sup>th</sup> & seven on 16<sup>th</sup>, and four on 15<sup>th</sup> & six on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Grey-crowned Warbler** S. tephrocephalus

Ruili: three on 14<sup>th</sup> & seven on 16<sup>th</sup>, and three on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Emei Flycatcher-warbler S. omeiensis

Ruili: one on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-cheeked Warbler S. poliogenys

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 32 bird-days (1-6 noted on 11 dates, of which just five – singles on 5+9<sup>th</sup>, three on 6<sup>th</sup> – at <1,600m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Chestnut-crowned Warbler S. castaniceps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 39 bird-days (1-8 noted on 11 dates – at <1,600m singles on 5+6<sup>th</sup> & four on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: three on 14<sup>th</sup>.

## Broad-billed Warbler Tickellia hodgsoni

Gaoligongshan: one heard singing at c2,350m on 2<sup>nd</sup>.

#### Yellow-bellied Warbler Abroscopus supercilliaris

Ruili: five on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-faced Warbler A. schisticeps

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 145 bird-days (2-30+ noted on ten dates, with none seen below c2,000m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

## Rufescent Prinia Prinia rufescens

Ruili: eight on 14<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-breasted Prinia P. hodgsoni

Ruili: nine on 13<sup>th</sup>, and three on 14<sup>th</sup> & two on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Hill Prinia P. atrogularis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at <1,600m one on  $6^{th}$  & six on  $9^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: ten on  $15^{th}$  & four on  $17^{th}$ , and five on  $16^{th}$ .

#### Common Tailorbird Orthomus sutorius

Ruili: seven bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Mountain Tailorbird O. cucullatus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at <1,600m three on  $5^{th}$ , six on  $6^{th}$  & five on  $9^{th}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: one heard on  $15^{th}$ .

#### Orange-gorgeted Flycatcher Ficedula strophiata

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: eight bird-days (1-2 noted on five dates between c1,500-2,330m) over  $1-12^{\text{th}}$ . <u>Ruili</u>: 2+ on  $15^{\text{th}}$  & three on  $17^{\text{th}}$ .

#### Slaty-blue Flycatcher F. tricolor

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles on 6+7+9<sup>th</sup> (only the last seen briefly – a cooperative female seen in November 2005 had moved on). Ruili: singles heard on 14+16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Sapphire Flycatcher F. sapphira

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: singles heard at c1,600m on  $6^{th}$  & at >2,150m – same spot on both dates - on 7+8<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: one heard on 14<sup>th</sup>.

#### Large Niltava Niltava grandis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 34 bird-days (1-6 noted on 11 dates, most were heard-onlies but some showed memorably – at c1,600m four on 5<sup>th</sup>, two on 6<sup>th</sup> & five on 9<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: one on 14<sup>th</sup>, and two on 15<sup>th</sup> & one on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Rufous-bellied Niltava N. sundara

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: two males at <1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: single males 15+16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Hill Blue Flycatcher Cyornis banyumas

Ruili: one male seen very well on 16<sup>th</sup>.

In addition, two **Blue Flycatcher sp** on 14<sup>th</sup> were presumably also this species...

#### **Pygmy Blue Flycatcher** *Muscicapella hodgsoni* Gaoligongshan: one male at <1,500m on 6<sup>th</sup>.

## Verditer Flycatcher Eumyias thalassina

Ruili: two on 14<sup>th</sup> & one on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey-headed Flycatcher Culicicapa ceylonensis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: two on  $1+12^{\text{th}}$  & one (at <1,600m) on  $6^{\text{th}}$ . Ruili: four on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & three on  $16^{\text{th}}$ , and singles on  $15+17^{\text{th}}$ .

#### Yellow-bellied Fantail Chelidorhynx hypoxantha

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 46 bird-days over  $1-12^{th}$  (2-8 daily: more common at lower altitude, with 7-8 at <1,600m on 6+9<sup>th</sup>).

<u>Ruili</u>: one on 14<sup>th</sup>, and four on 15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

## White-throated Fantail Rhipidura albicollis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 48 bird-days (1-8 daily) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & six on 16<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

### Black-throated Tit Aegithalos concinnus

Gaoligongshan: 91+ bird-days (2-20+ noted on nine dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

# **Black-browed Tit** *A. iouschistos bonvaloti* Gaoligongshan: four on 8<sup>th</sup>.

**Fire-capped Tit** Cephalopyrus flammiceps <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: four seen poorly at c1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Great Tit** *Parus. major* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one at c1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: 17 bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Green-backed Tit P. monticolus

Gaoligongshan: 16 bird-days (1-5 noted on nine dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Yellow-cheeked Tit P. spilonotus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 34-36 bird-days (1-7 noted on ten dates, incl two at <1,600m on 6<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: two on 15+16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Yellow-browed Tit Sylviparus modestus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: c115 bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup> (1-25 daily, incl one with four Black-browed Tits on 8<sup>th</sup> & c15 at <1,600m on 9<sup>th</sup>).

#### Naga Nuthatch Sitta nagaensis

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 43 bird-days (2-7 noted on nine dates, incl 4-7 at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup>, of which a group of three "rock-creeping" individuals on 6<sup>th</sup> were noteworthy) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: three on 15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*The Ruili birds somewhat below altitudinal range given for Yunnan by Harrap & Quinn (1996).

Cheng (1987) included montium with Eurasian Nuthatch S. europaea, noting, however, that Greenway (1967: in Paynter Check-list of Birds of the World) treated it as synonymous with nagaensis. Harrap & Quinn (1996) accepted montium, but felt that "their general appearance supports the treatment of the races grisiventris-nagaensis-montium-sinensis as a natural grouping of subspecies of Eurasian Nuthatch" (in spite of "vocal differences between the two species"); nonetheless, pending further studies, they kept sinensis with S. europaea due to apparent altitudinal segregation of montium and sinensis where they meet in Fujian (in Sichuan intergradation may or may not occur), a treatment followed by Dickinson (2003).

#### White-tailed Nuthatch S. himalavensis

Gaoligongshan: 25 bird-days (1-8 noted on eight days, all at >2,100m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Velvet-fronted Nuthatch S. frontalis

Ruili: 11 in 14<sup>th</sup> & four on 16<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Brown-throated Treecreeper Certhia discolor

Gaoligongshan 13 bird-days (1-2 noted at c1,550-2,400m on eight dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: one heard on 15<sup>th</sup> & two (one seen singing) on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Yellow-vented Flowerpecker Dicaeum chrysorrheum

Ruili: one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Yellow-bellied Flowerpecker D. melanoxanthum

Gaoligongshan: six bird-days, concerning five individuals at c2,000-2,450m: 1-2 birds noted on  $1+7+11+12^{th}$ 

#### **Buff-bellied Flowerpecker** D. ignipectus

Gaoligongshan: 34 bird-days (1-5 noted daily, incl at <1,600m on 5+6+9<sup>th</sup> & as high as 2,400+m as late as on 12<sup>th</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: one on  $14^{th}$  & three on  $16^{th}$ , and nine on  $15^{th}$  & seven on  $17^{th}$ .

#### Gould's Sunbird Aethopyga gouldiae

Gaoligongshan: five on 1<sup>st</sup>, one on 4<sup>th</sup> & three on 10<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: seven on  $15^{\text{th}}$  & ten on  $17^{\text{th}}$ .

#### Green-tailed Sunbird A. nipalensis

Gaoligongshan: 122+ bird-days (2-19 noted on ten dates, all at >1,900m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

#### Black-throated Sunbird A. saturata

Gaoligongshan: at <1,600m seven on 6<sup>th</sup> & six on 9<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & 3+ on 16<sup>th</sup>, and two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Crimson Sunbird** A. siparaja

Ruili: one adult male feeding in flowering scrub on 13<sup>th</sup>.

## Fire-tailed Sunbird A. ignicauda

Gaoligongshan: 17 on 1<sup>st</sup> & eight on 10<sup>th</sup>.

## Streaked Spiderhunter Arachnothera magna

Gaoligongshan: ten bird-days (1-3 noted on five dates, all bar singles on 2+7<sup>th</sup> at <1.600m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: four on 14<sup>th</sup> & three on 16<sup>th</sup>, and four on 15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Japanese Whiteeye Zosterops japonica

Gaoligongshan: two on 4+5<sup>th</sup>, three on 9<sup>th</sup> (at <1,600m) & eight on 10<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: two on 14<sup>th</sup>.

**Oriental Whiteeye** Z. palpebrosa Gaoligongshan: two at <1,600m on both 6+9<sup>th</sup> & one on 10<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: three on both 14+16<sup>th</sup> & five on 15<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Whiteeye sp. Zosterops sp Gaoligongshan: 15 flew S in Area B on 11<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: 15+ at Canal on 16<sup>th</sup>.

Little Bunting E. pusilla Gaoligongshan: one on 3<sup>rd</sup>, four at c1,600m on 5<sup>th</sup> & six ditto on 9<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: singles 14+17<sup>th</sup>.

Yellow-throated Bunting E. elegans Gaoligongshan: three at 1,995m on 1<sup>st</sup>.

Tibetan Siskin Carduelis thibetanus Gaoligongshan: two at 1,995m on 1<sup>st</sup> & four at 2,390m on 7<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: c25 on 15<sup>th</sup>.

Dark-breasted Rosefinch Carpodacus nipalensis Gaoligongshan: 14 bird-days (1-3 noted on eight dates between 1,600-c2,900m) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

**Common Rosefinch** C. erythrinus Gaoligongshan: one heard on 10<sup>th</sup>. Ruili: three on 14<sup>th</sup> & one on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Vinaceous Rosefinch C. vinaceus

Gaoligongshan: a female-type bird feeding with a male Golden-naped Finch & a female-type Darkbreasted Rosefinch on 11<sup>th</sup>.

#### **Brown Bullfinch** *Pyrrhula nipalensis*

Gaoligongshan23+ bird-days (noted on five dates, two on 2+4+7+8<sup>th</sup> & c15 on 3<sup>rd</sup>) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>.

**Collared Grosbeak** Mycerobas affinis Gaoligongshan: c40 (two flocks of c20 each flying S) on 8<sup>th</sup>. \*\*\*"Lijiang Mt." was the only Yunnan locality for which Cheng (1987) listed the species.

#### **Golden-naped Finch** *Pyrrhoplectes epauletta*

Gaoligongshan: one female on 7<sup>th</sup>, two (one a male feeding at c2,150m, the other a heard-only at c2,400m close to the spot where the female was on 7<sup>th</sup>) on 11<sup>th</sup> & one female on 12<sup>th</sup>.

## White-rumped Munia Lonchura striata

Ruili: seven on 14<sup>th</sup> & eight on 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### Spotted Munia L. punctulata

Ruili: ten on  $14^{\text{th}}$  & two on  $16^{\text{th}}$ , and 15 on  $15^{\text{th}}$ .

#### **Tree Sparrow** Passer montanus

\*\*\*Not systematically recorded.

#### Maroon Oriole Oriolus trailii

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: two on  $2^{nd}$ , three (very active birds: calling and 'pursuit-flighting' at c2,390m) on 7<sup>th</sup> & singles on 9<sup>th</sup> (heard at <1,600m) and 12<sup>th</sup>.

Ruili: two on 14+16<sup>th</sup> & two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

\*\*\*Considered uncommon by Cheng (1987).

#### Ashy Drongo Dicrurus leucophaeus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 1-6 daily (40 bird-days) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: eight bird-days over 13-17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Bronzed Drongo D. aeneus

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: at c1,600m two on 6<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: six on 14<sup>th</sup> & five on 16<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup> & four on 17<sup>th</sup>.

#### Lesser Racket-tailed Drongo D. remifer

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: one at <1,500m in Area B on 6<sup>th</sup>, in a mixed flock of some 27 spp. <u>Ruili</u>: one on 14<sup>th</sup>.

#### Gold-billed Magpie Urocissa flavirostris

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 12 bird-days, involving 7+ individuals (up to three birds in three different spots on 1+4+7+8+10+11<sup>th</sup>)

**Red-billed Blue Magpie** *U. erythrorhyncha* <u>Gaoligongshan</u>: 22 bird-days over 1-12<sup>th</sup> (1-5 birds noted on eight dates).

## Common Green Magpie Cissa chinensis

<u>Ruili</u>: two on 15<sup>th</sup>.

#### Grey Treepie Dendrocitta formosae

<u>Gaoligongshan</u>:12 bird-days (1-6 noted on five dates) over 1-12<sup>th</sup>. <u>Ruili</u>: 11 on 14<sup>th</sup>, and five on 15<sup>th</sup> & two on 17<sup>th</sup>.